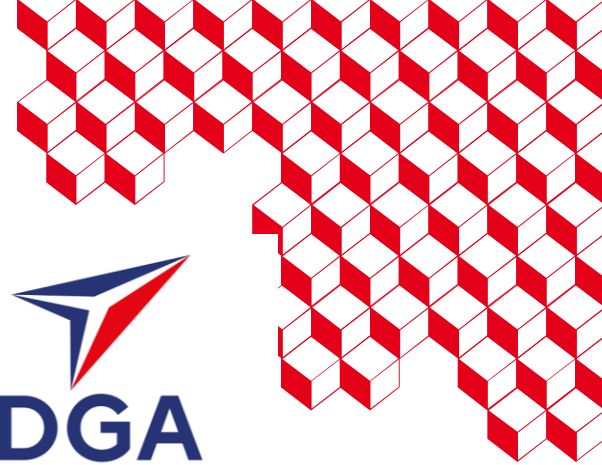
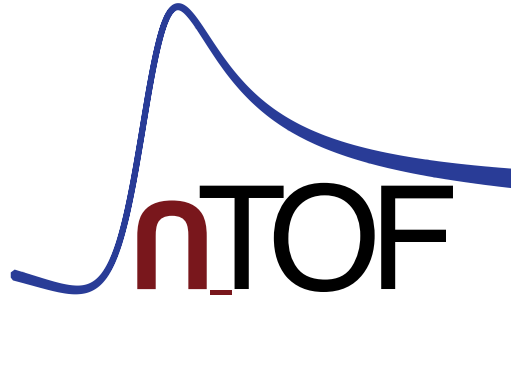




irfu



Measurements of the ^{241}Pu capture and fission cross sections at n_TOF and GELINA (Cap-Fiss-Pu241)

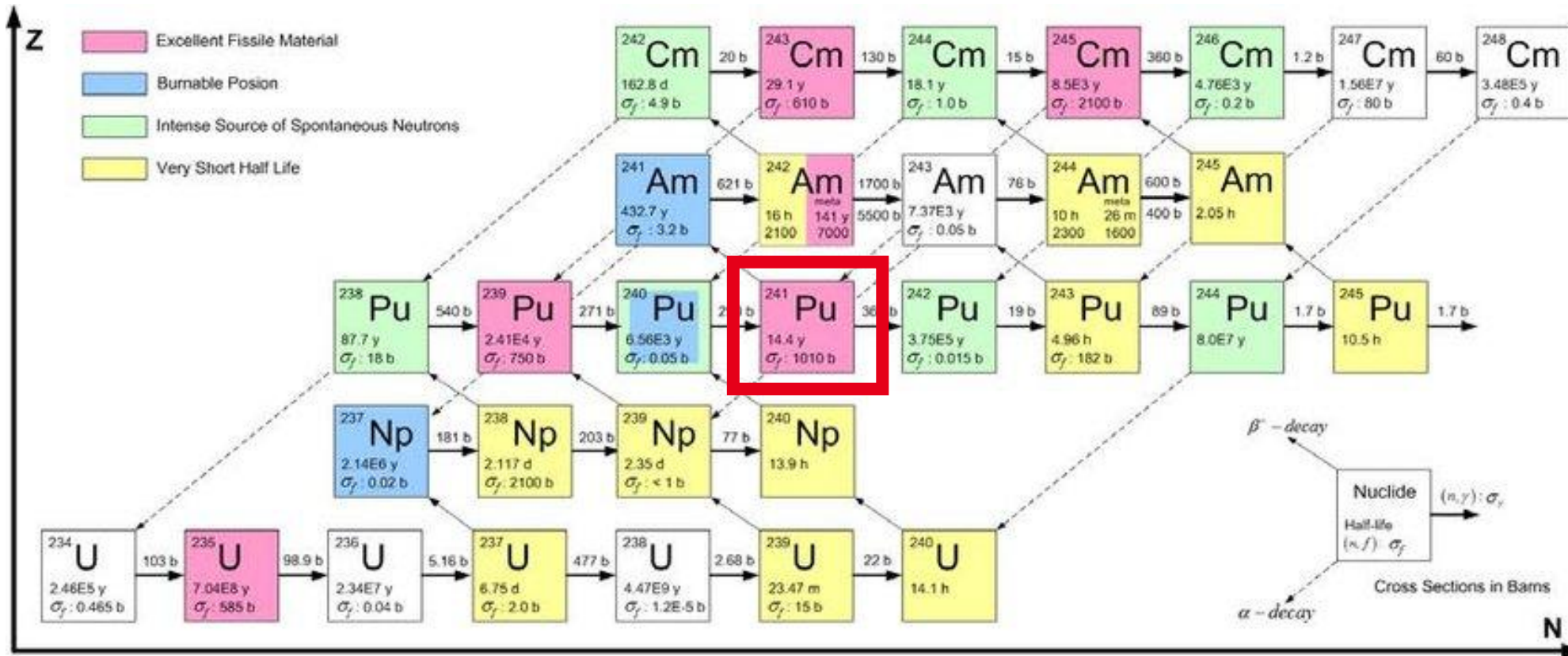
E. Dupont¹, G. Alaerts², Y. Aregbe², E. Aubernon¹, J. Aupiais³, M. Bacak⁴, D. Baudin¹, G. Bélier³, D. Bernard⁵,
E. Berthoumieux¹, A. Cahuzac^{1,6}, E. Dhaene², M. Dietz⁷, F. Gunsing¹, J. Heyse², C. Loiseau¹, G. Noguère⁵,
C. Paradela², E. Pirovano⁷, A. Plompen², O. Serot⁵, G. Sibbens², M. Spelta¹, J. Taïeb³, G. Tsiledakis¹,
D. Vanleeuw², R. Wynants², and the n_TOF Collaboration⁸

¹CEA Irfu, Université Paris-Saclay, France; ²European Commission, JRC-Geel, Belgium; ³CEA DAM Ile de France, Service de Physique Nucléaire, France; ⁴TU Wien, Atominstitut, Austria; ⁵CEA DES, Service de Physique des Réacteurs et du Cycle, Cadarache, France; ⁶DGA, Ministère des Armées, France; ⁷PTB, Braunschweig, Germany; ⁸www.cern.ch/ntof



1 ■ Context

Motivations



- ❑ Plutonium is produced in reactors, ^{239}Pu and ^{241}Pu both contribute to energy production
- ❑ The uncertainty on the reactivity loss with burnup depends on Pu cross section uncertainties
- ❑ ^{241}Pu xs are not well known because of its short half-life (~14 years) and the ^{241}Am build-up

Two OECD/NEA high-priority requests

Capture cross section requested with an accuracy of 2-3% (PWR) and ~10% (SFR)

n_TOF

Request ID	33		Type of the request	High Priority request	
Target	Reaction and process	Incident Energy	Secondary energy or angle	Target uncertainty	Covariance
94-PU-241	(n,g) SIG	0.1 eV-1.35 MeV		See details	Y
Field	Subfield	Created date	Accepted date	Ongoing action	Archived Date
Fission	Fast Reactors (VHTR)	04-APR-08	12-SEP-08	Y	

Only one available capture xs measurement (Weston and Todd, NSE 65, 454-463, 1978)

n_TOF & GELINA

Fission cross section requested with an accuracy of 3-7% depending on the energy/reactor

Request ID	35		Type of the request	High Priority request	
Target	Reaction and process	Incident Energy	Secondary energy or angle	Target uncertainty	Covariance
94-PU-241	(n,f) SIG	0.5 eV-1.35 MeV		See details	Y
Field	Subfield	Created date	Accepted date	Ongoing action	Archived Date
Fission	Fast and Thermal Reactors	04-APR-08	12-SEP-08	Y	

Status of Cap-Fiss-Pu241

Experimental work (2022-2026)

- ❑ Production and characterization of ^{241}Pu samples (β -decay to ^{241}Am , $T_{1/2} \sim 14$ years)
- ❑ Development of compact fission tagging detectors for high counting rates
- ❑ Experimental campaigns (within a few months, before ^{241}Am buildup becomes an issue)
=> ND2025 proceedings
- ❑ Measurement of the sample homogeneity at JRC-Geel (scheduled in October 2026)

Data reduction/analysis (2025-2028+)

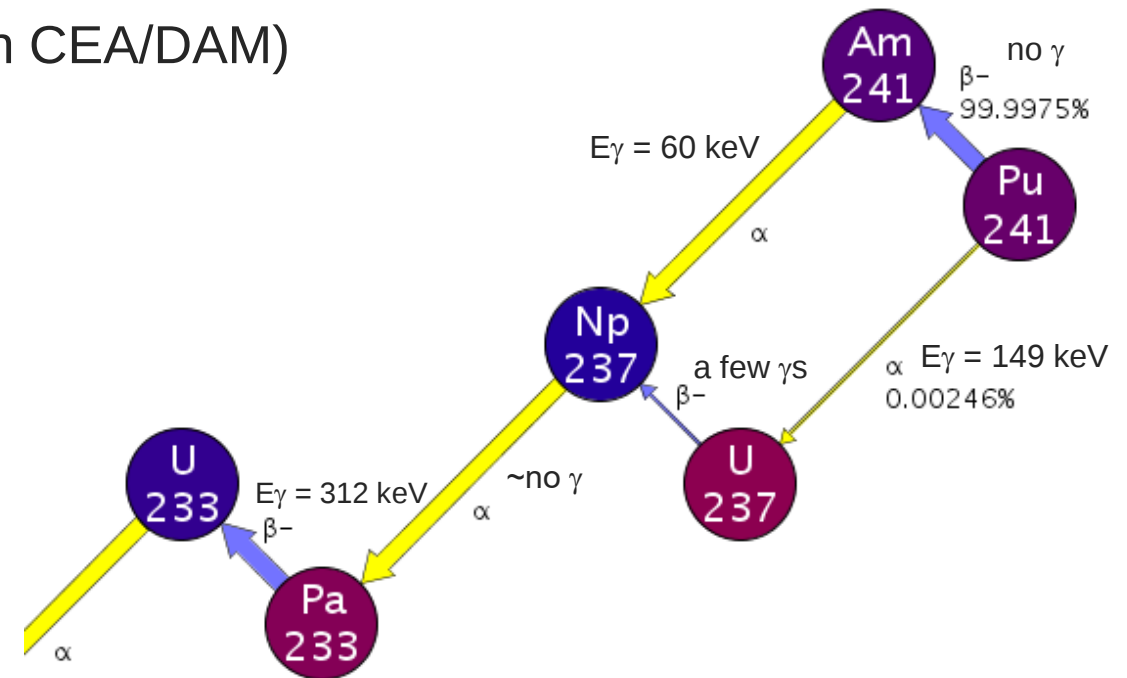
- ❑ TAC capture-to-fission ratio (Aline Cahuzac, PhD 2023-2027)
=> Status of the TAC analysis presented at WONDER 2026
- ❑ Fission cross section (Michele Spelta, postdoc 2026/06-2028)



2 ■ Samples

Samples production & characterization

- ❑ Starting from JRC legacy material (enriched in ^{241}Pu in the 70s)
 - ❑ 2022: checking the state of the material (decades old)
 - ❑ 2023: Pu-Am separation & characterization
 - ❑ 2024: Pu-Np separation & characterization (with CEA/DAM)
 - ❑ 2025: Pu-U separation & characterization
- ❑ June-July 2025
 - ❑ Final Pu-Am separation
 - ❑ Samples production by molecular plating
 - ❑ Samples mounting in the fission chamber
 - ❑ Transport of samples/detectors to CERN



Final samples

- ❑ Unique set of 8 plutonium samples (Ø 30 mm) enriched in ^{241}Pu (~6 mg ^{241}Pu)
 ^{238}Pu (0.09%), ^{239}Pu (6.0%), ^{240}Pu (23.0%), ^{241}Pu (53.7%), ^{242}Pu (17.2%) + ^{241}Am buildup
 - ❑ ~23 GBq of β -activity (from the decay of ^{241}Pu to ^{241}Am)
 - ❑ ~33 MBq of total α -activity (mainly from ^{238}Pu and ^{240}Pu)
 - ❑ ~5 MBq more α every 2 months (from ^{241}Am buildup)
- ❑ + 2 uranium reference samples (Ø 42 mm) highly enriched in ^{235}U (~7.8 mg ^{235}U)
produced and characterized by JRC-Geel (on loan from PTB)



3 ■ Detectors

Total Absorption Calorimeter (TAC) for α -ratio

Detection of γ -rays by the TAC (4 π calorimeter segmented with 40 BaF₂ crystals)

In capture-to-fission ratio measurement, the samples are inside the fission chamber used for fission tagging

Example with the detection of 3 gammas (γ_1 , γ_2 , γ_3)

□ E_{sum} is the total γ -ray energy deposited in the TAC

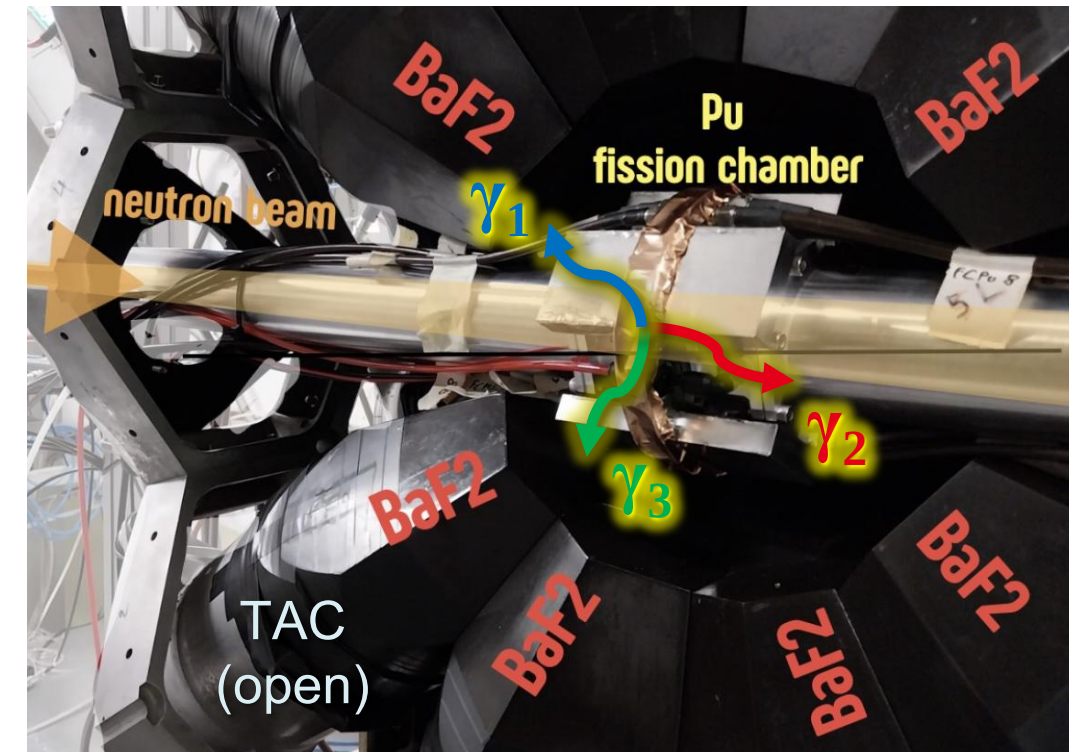
$$E_{\text{sum}} (\text{total } E_{\gamma}) = E_1 + E_2 + E_3$$

In capture, if the TAC detects all γ of the cascade then $E_{\text{sum}} = S_n + E_n \approx S_n$

□ M_{cr} is the number of crystals detecting a gamma

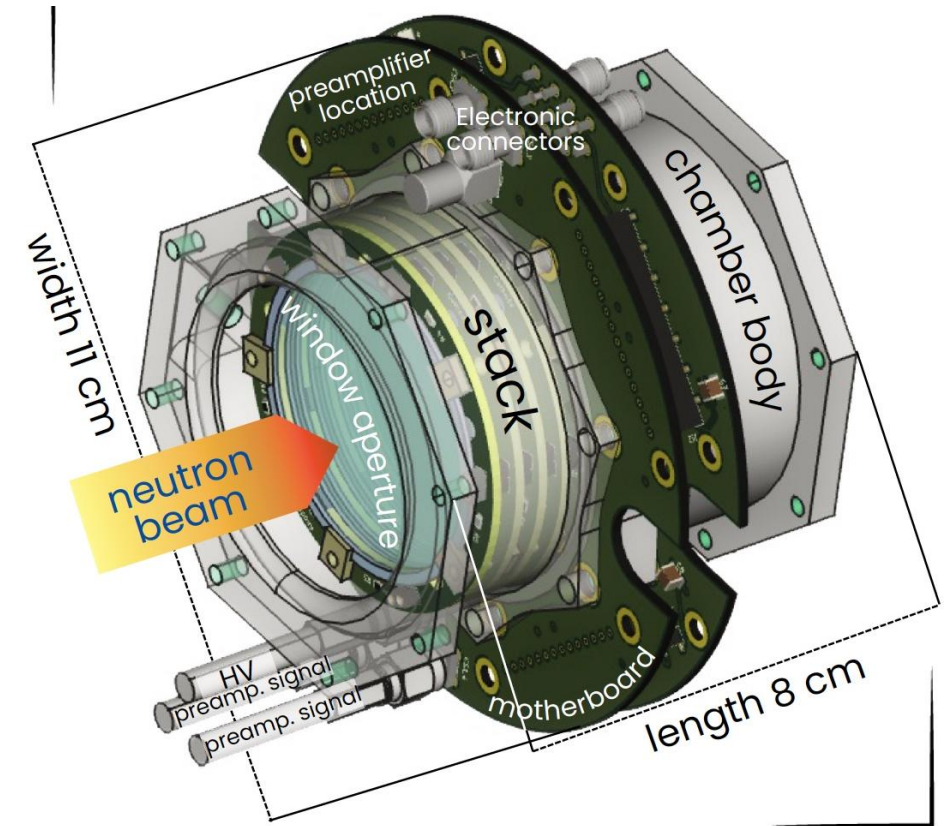
$$M_{\text{cr}} (\text{multiplicity}) = 3$$

⇒ Selection cuts on E_{sum} and M_{cr} improve S/B ratio



Fission tagging detector

- ❑ Main requirements
 - ❑ Compact and transparent to neutrons and gammas (for fission-tagging with the TAC 4π calorimeter)
 - ❑ High counting rates (for radioactive actinides)
 - ❑ Good energy resolution (for α -fission separation)
- ❑ Detector design
 - ❑ 8 samples/channels to distribute the counting rate
 - ❑ Fast preamplifier/shaper minimizing signal widths
 - ❑ Gap of 3 mm, low gas pressure, low mass budget
- ❑ Fabrication of 3 identical detectors: FICH-Pu241 (Pu samples), FICH-U235 (fission normalization), FICH-dummy (background measurement)





4. ■ Measurements

Data taking in 2025 and early 2026

- ❑ Measurements of the **^{241}Pu capture-to-fission ratio and the fission xs ($> \sim 0.1$ eV)**
 - ❑ July-Aug. 2025: EAR1 (L ~ 185 m) with TAC, FICH-Pu241, FICH-U235 + ref. monitors

- ❑ Additional measurements of the **^{241}Pu fission cross section** with FICH-Pu241 and FICH-U235
 - ❑ Sept. 2025: EAR2 (L ~ 18 m) in the thermal and epithermal ranges
 - ❑ Feb.-March 2026: GELINA (L ~ 10 m) in the resolved resonance range

Basic principle of the measurements

Fission cross section

- ❑ Fission fragments detected in FICH-Pu241 relative to FICH-U235 reference (+ corrections)
=> absolute measurement of the xs ratio $^{241}\text{Pu}(n,f)/^{235}\text{U}(n,f)$

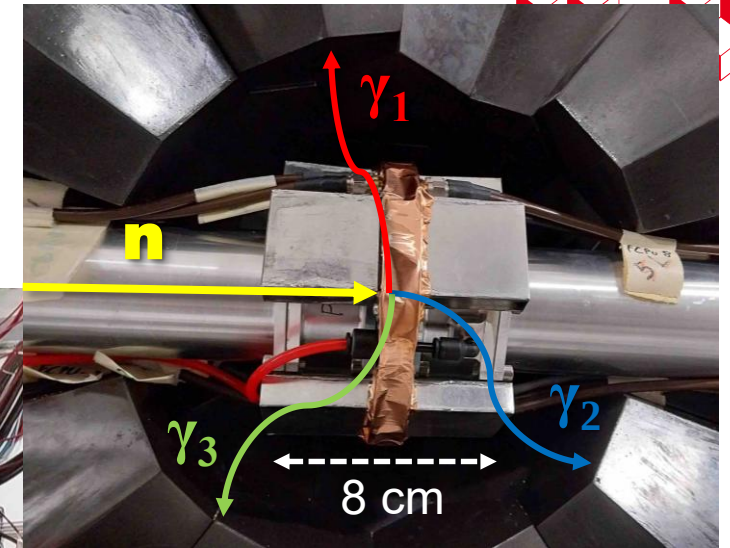
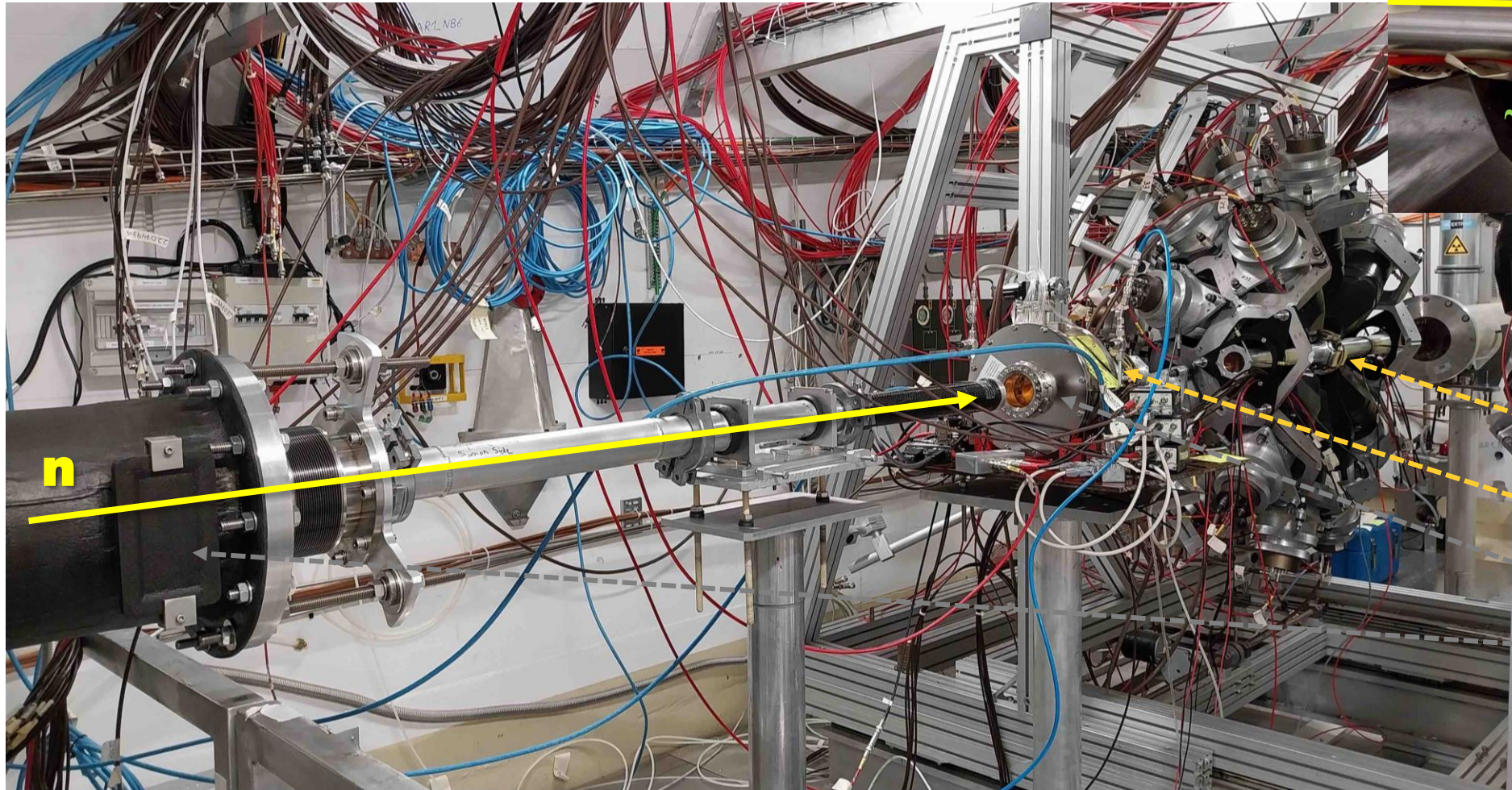
Capture-to-fission cross section (α -ratio)

- ❑ TAC and FICH-Pu241 in coincidence $\rightarrow$ gammas from fission
- ❑ TAC and FICH-Pu241 in anti-coincidence $\rightarrow$ gammas from capture (+ background)
- ❑ Cuts in gamma energy (E_{sum}) and crystal multiplicity (M_{cr}) to maximize signal/“noise” ratio
- ❑ Ancillary measurements to subtract gamma backgrounds
- ❑ Corrections for FICH-Pu241 efficiency and cuts
=> absolute measurement of the xs α -ratio $^{241}\text{Pu}(n,\gamma)/^{241}\text{Pu}(n,f)$

⚠ Small samples requires measurement of the beam interception factor (BIF),
i.e. the fraction of the beam intercepted by the sample

n_TOF EAR1 measurement with the Total Absorption Calorimeter (TAC)

Data taking: 7 weeks in July-August 2025



Zoom on FICH-Pu241
inside the TAC (open)

FICH-Pu241

FICH-U235 (reference)

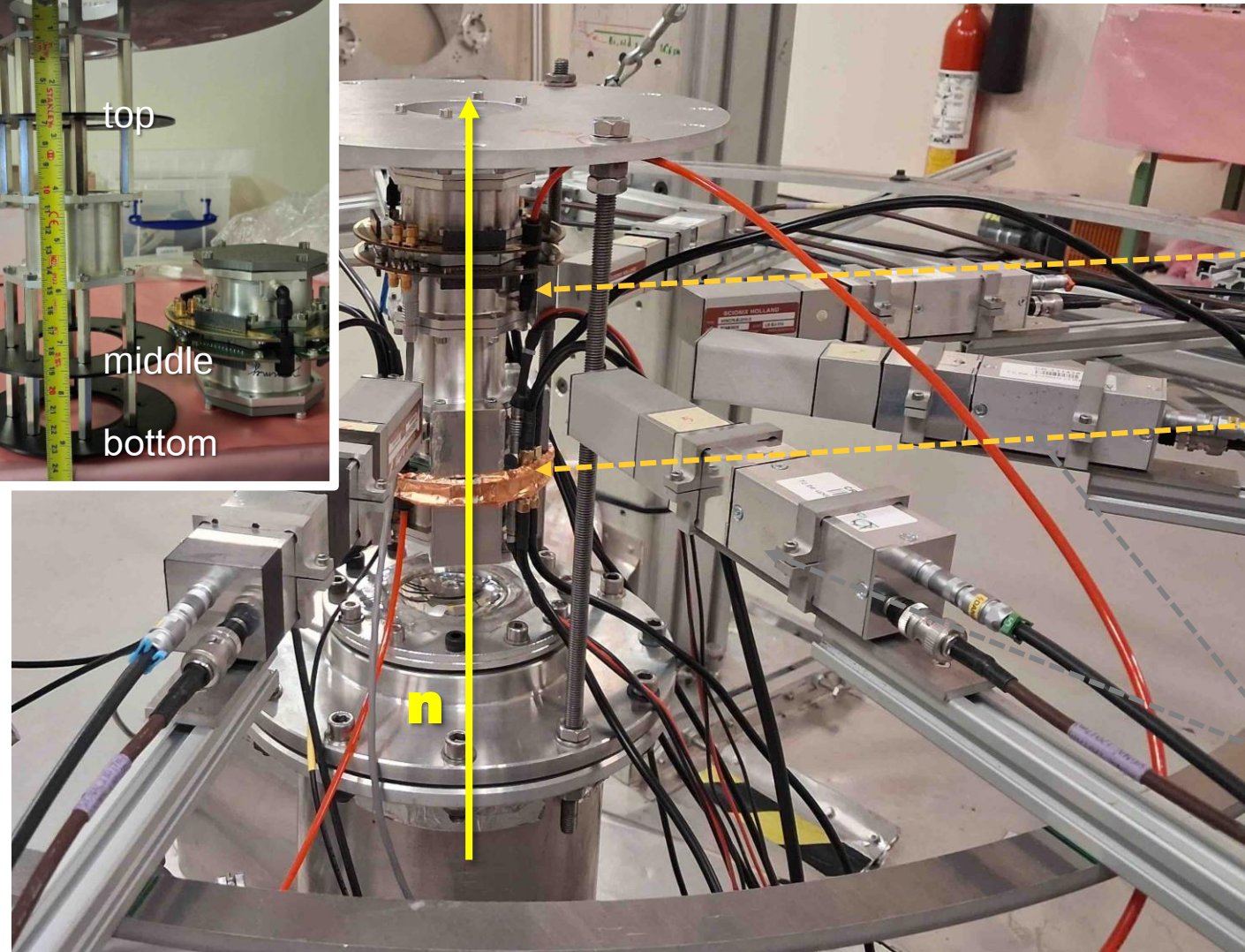
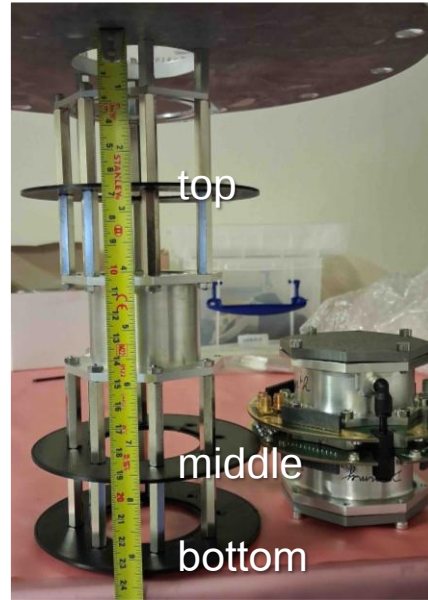
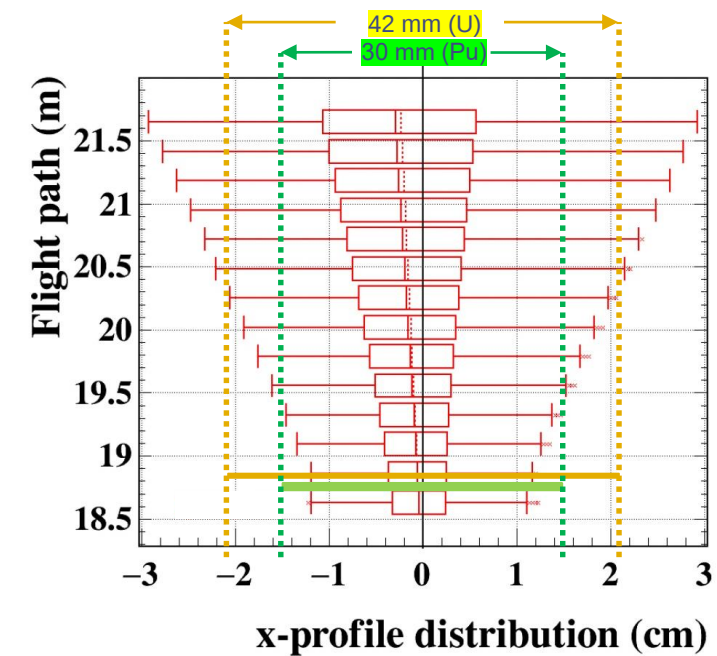
^{235}U PTB LMFC (ref.)

SiMon (reference)

n_TOF EAR2 measurement (thermal fission)

Data taking:

1 week in Sept. 2025

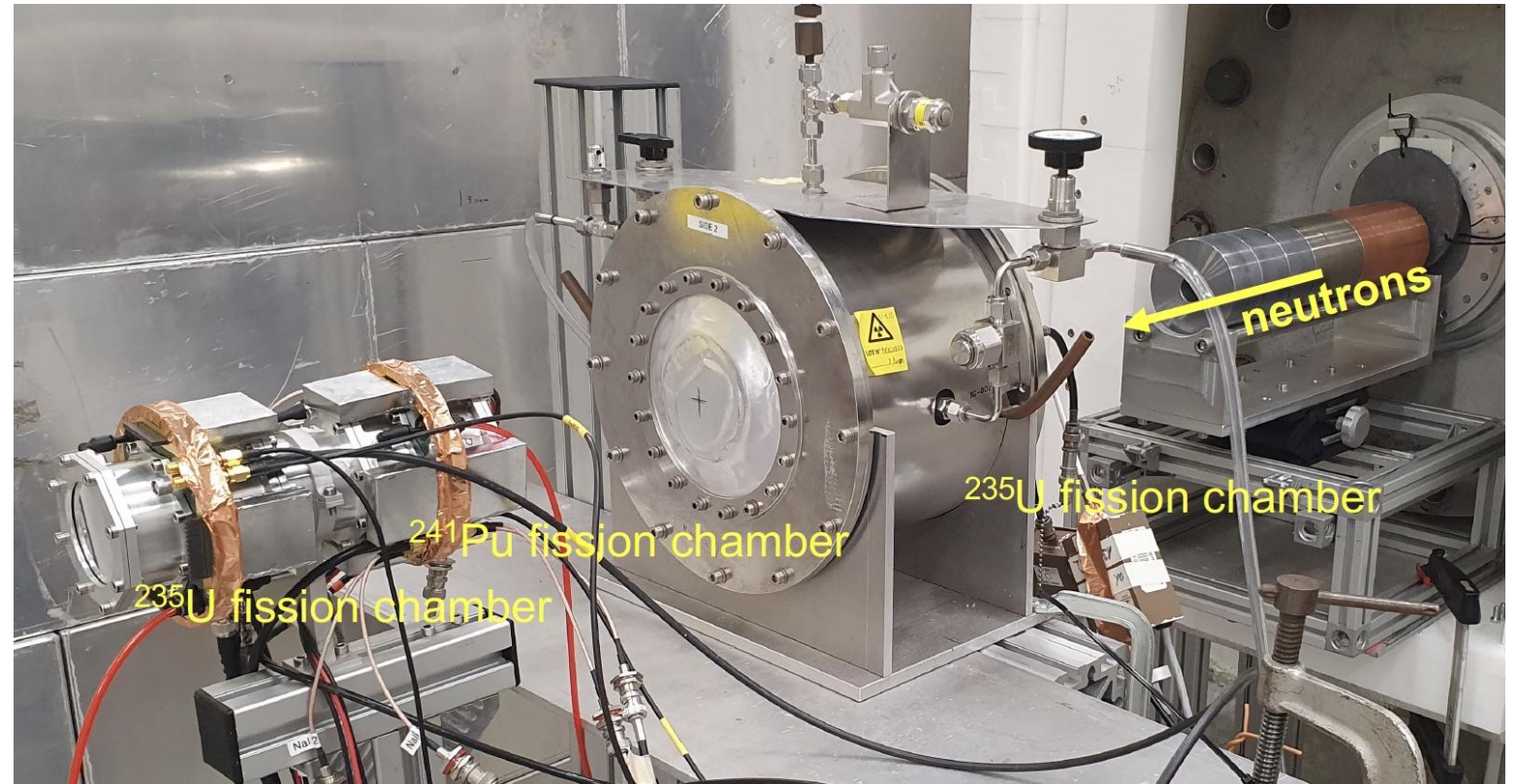


GELINA measurement (fission resonances)

Data taking at FP2/10m

Started in Nov. 2025

Completed in Feb-Mar. 2026





5 ■ Analysis (ongoing)

EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac)

- ❑ 2 PB of raw data (2 TB pre-processed data)
- ❑ 61 channels: TAC (40), FICH-Pu241 (8), FICH-U235 (2), LMFC (6), SiMon (4), PKUP (1)
- ❑ TAC data processing
 - ✓ Calibration of the 40 TAC BaF₂ crystals
 - ✓ Synchronization of TAC crystals (⁸⁸Y source)
 - ✓ Synchronization with PKUP (beam signal)
 - ✓ Separation of α and noise from gammas
 - ✓ Clusterization (pulses $\rightarrow$ events)
- ❑ FICH-Pu241 data processing
 - ✓ Separation of α and fission fragments
- ❑ Fission tagging
 - ✓ Synchronization between FICH and TAC
 - ✓ Tag γ events
- ❑ Capture-to-fission (work in progress)
 - Selection cuts in M_{cr} and E_{sum}
 - Subtraction of backgrounds
 - Correction for fission tagging efficiency and cuts

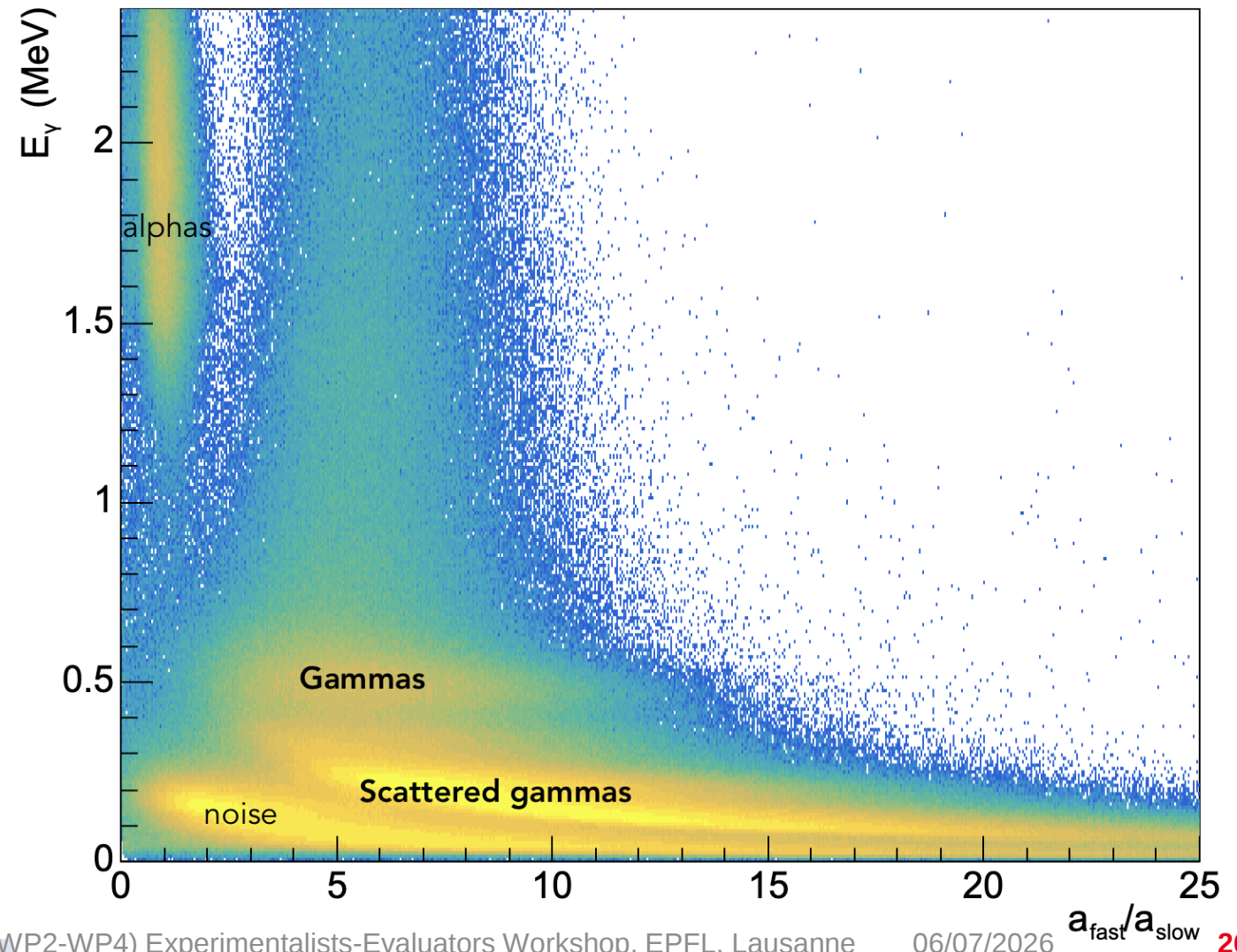
EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac)

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- ❑ FICH-Pu241 data processing
 - ✓ Separation of α and fission fragments
- ❑ Fission tagging
 - ✓ Synchronization between FICH and TAC
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- ❑ Capture-to-fission (work in progress)
 - Selection cuts in M_{cr} and E_{sum}
 - Subtraction of backgrounds
 - Correction for fission tagging efficiency and cuts

EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac, Wonder 2026)

det17_122601_Pu

PSD of alphas (from Radium),
noise, and gammas in BaF₂



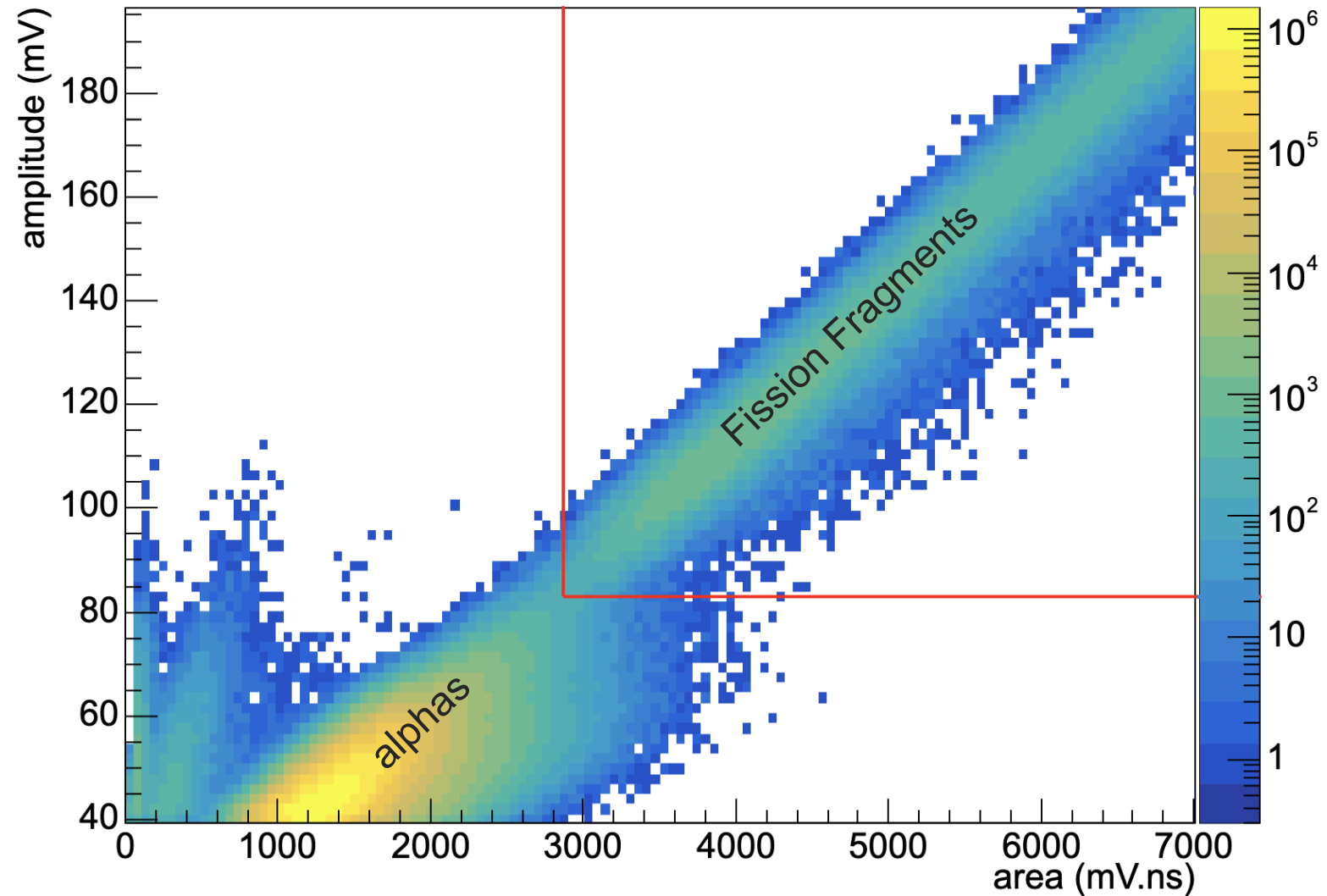
EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac)

- ❑ 2 PB of raw data (2 TB pre-processed data)
- ❑ 61 channels: TAC (40), FICH-Pu241 (8), FICH-U235 (2), LMFC (6), SiMon (4), PKUP (1)
- ❑ TAC data processing
 - ✓ Calibration of the 40 TAC BaF2 crystals
 - ✓ Synchronization of TAC crystals (^{88}Y source)
 - ✓ Synchronization with PKUP (beam signal)
 - ✓ Separation of α and noise from gammas
 - ✓ Clusterization (pulses $\rightarrow$ events)
- ❑ Capture-to-fission (work in progress)
 - Selection cuts in M_{cr} and E_{sum}
 - Subtraction of backgrounds
 - Correction for fission tagging efficiency and cuts
- ❑ FICH-Pu241 data processing
 - ✓ Separation of α and fission fragments
- ❑ Fission tagging
 - ✓ Synchronization between FICH and TAC
 - ✓ Tag γ events

EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac, Wonder 2026)

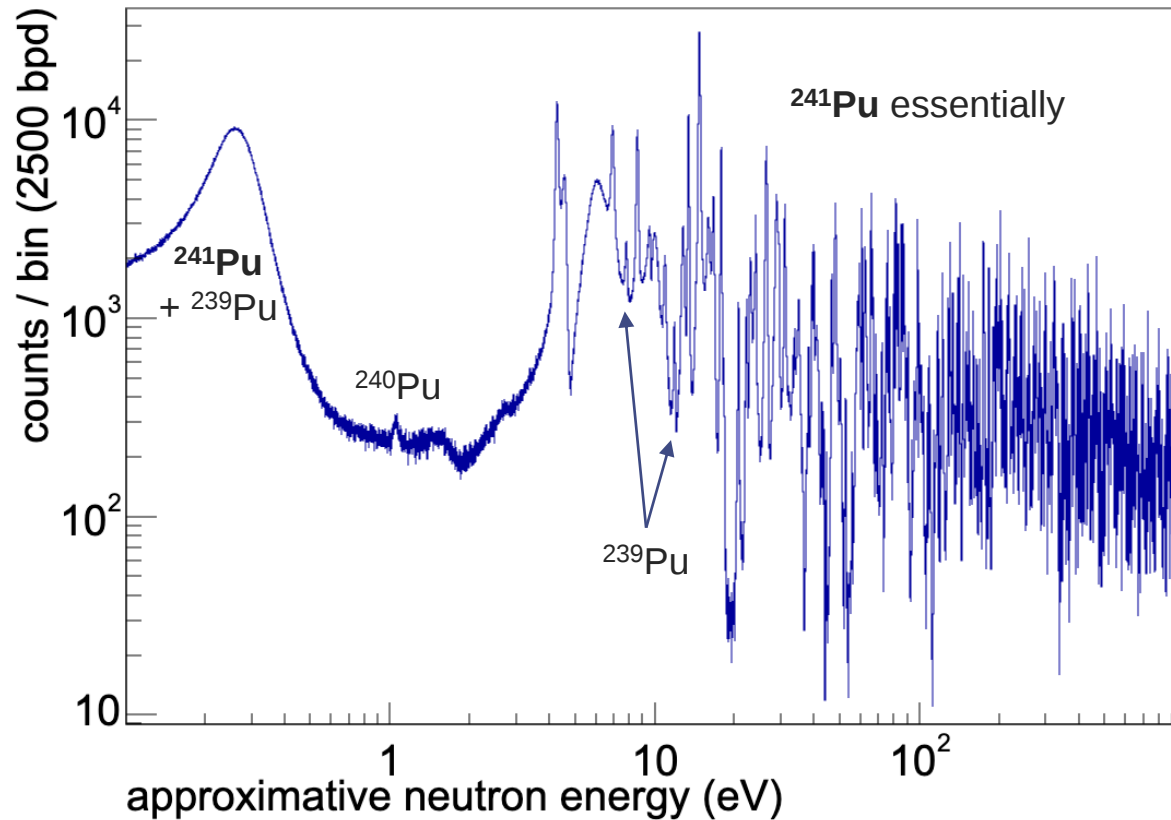
FCPU signals in channel 2

Separation between alphas
(mainly from $^{238,240}\text{Pu}$, ^{241}Am) and
fission fragments in FICH-Pu241

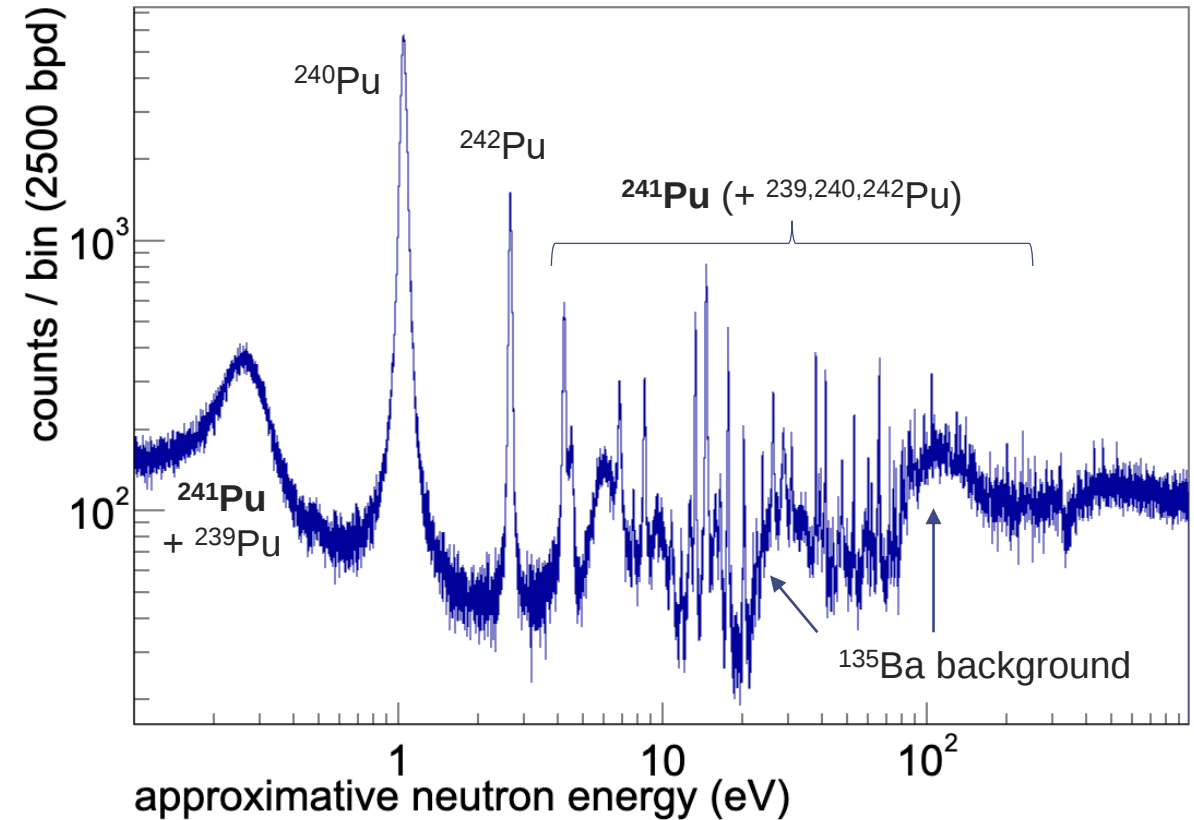


EAR1 raw data (E. Berthoumieux, A. Cahuzac)

FICH-Pu241: fission fragments



TAC: gammas from fission, capture, and bgd



EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac)

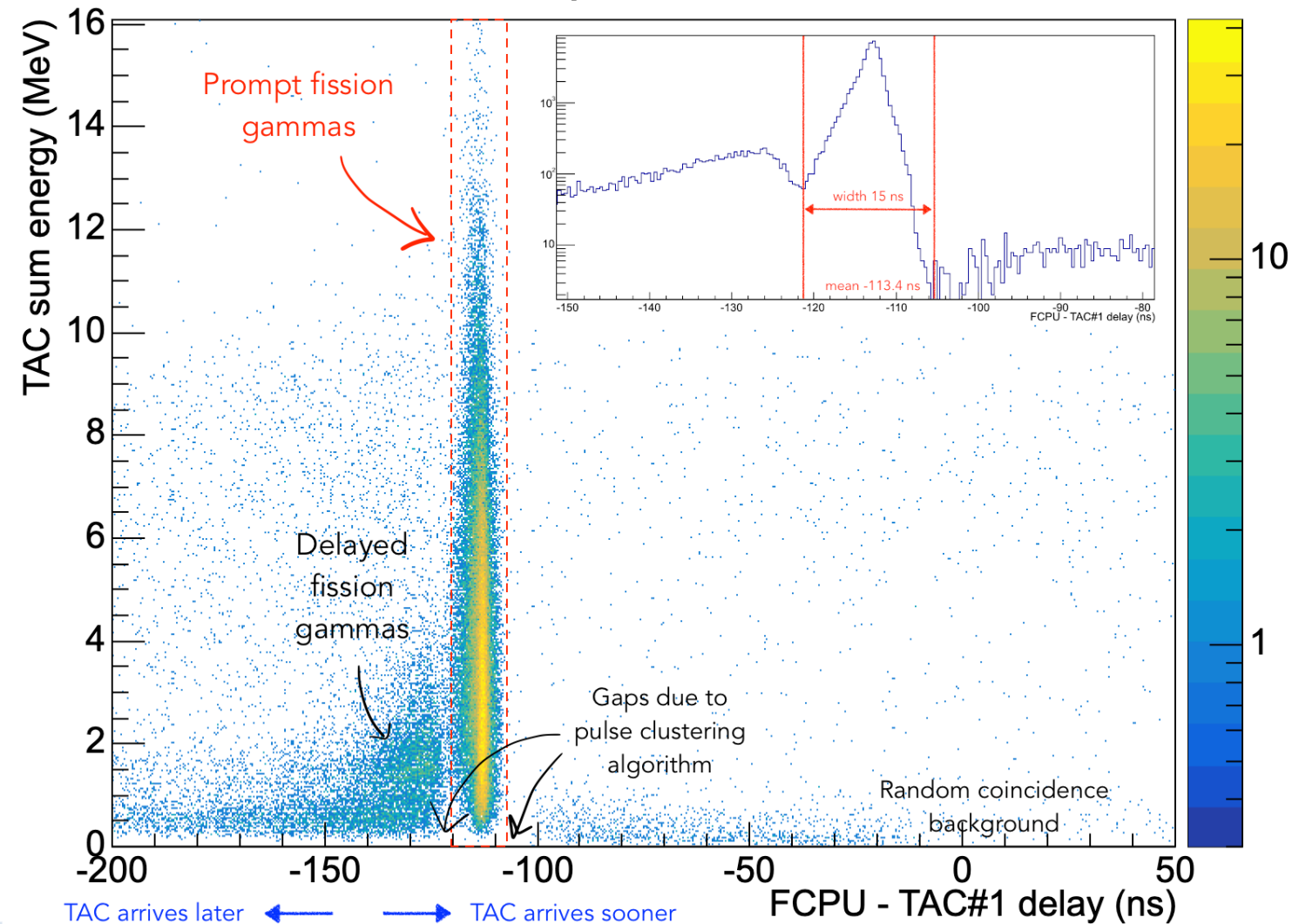
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 - ✓ Synchronization between FICH and TAC
 - ✓ Tag γ events
- ❑ Capture-to-fission (work in progress)
 - Selection cuts in M_{cr} and E_{sum}
 - Subtraction of backgrounds
 - Correction for fission tagging efficiency and cuts

EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac, Wonder 2026)

FCPU#6-TAC possible coincidences

FICH vs. TAC timing

=> Fission tagging of gammas
in a 15 ns coincidence window



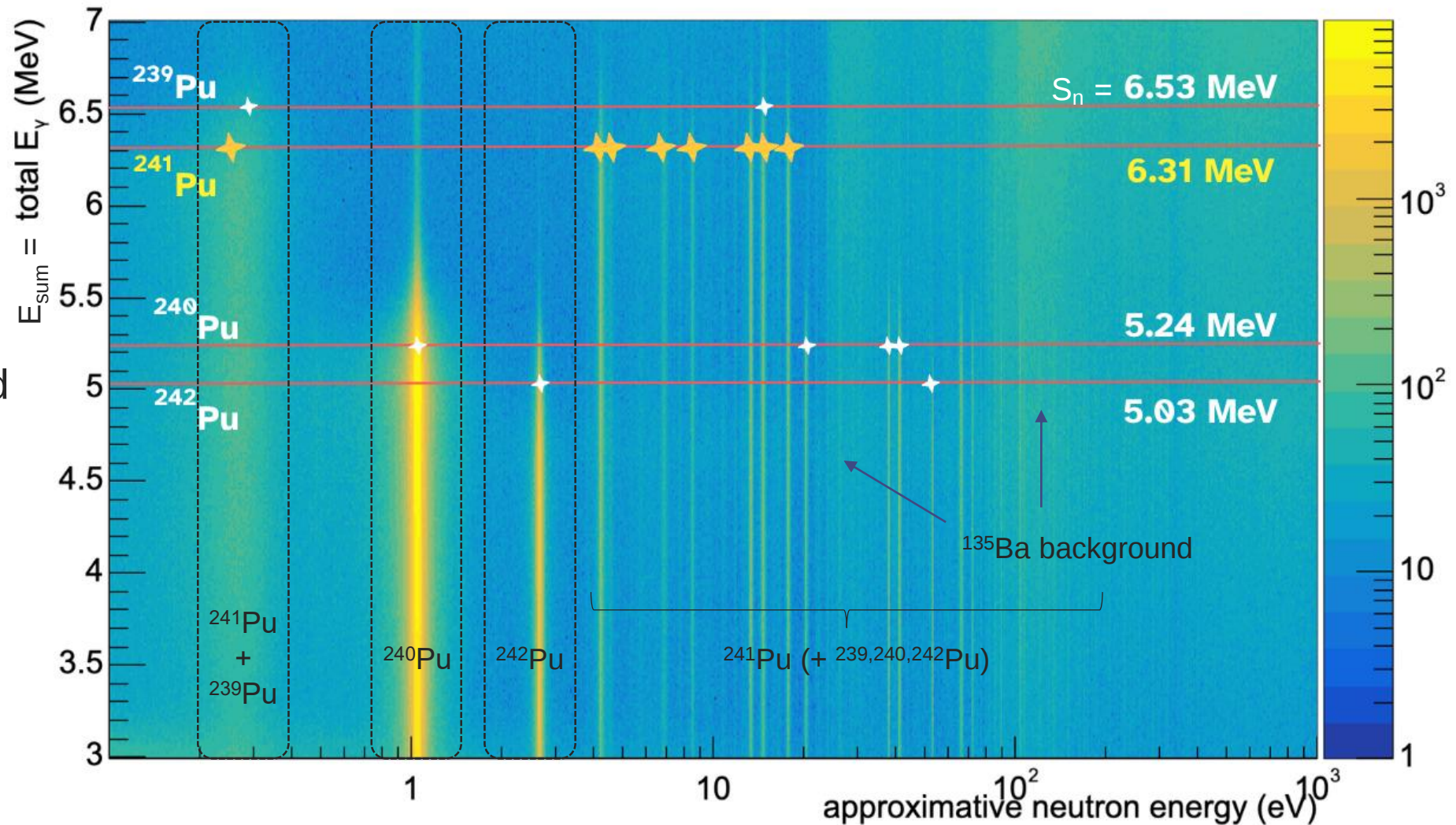
EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac)

- ❑ 2 PB of raw data (2 TB pre-processed data)
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EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac, Wonder 2026)

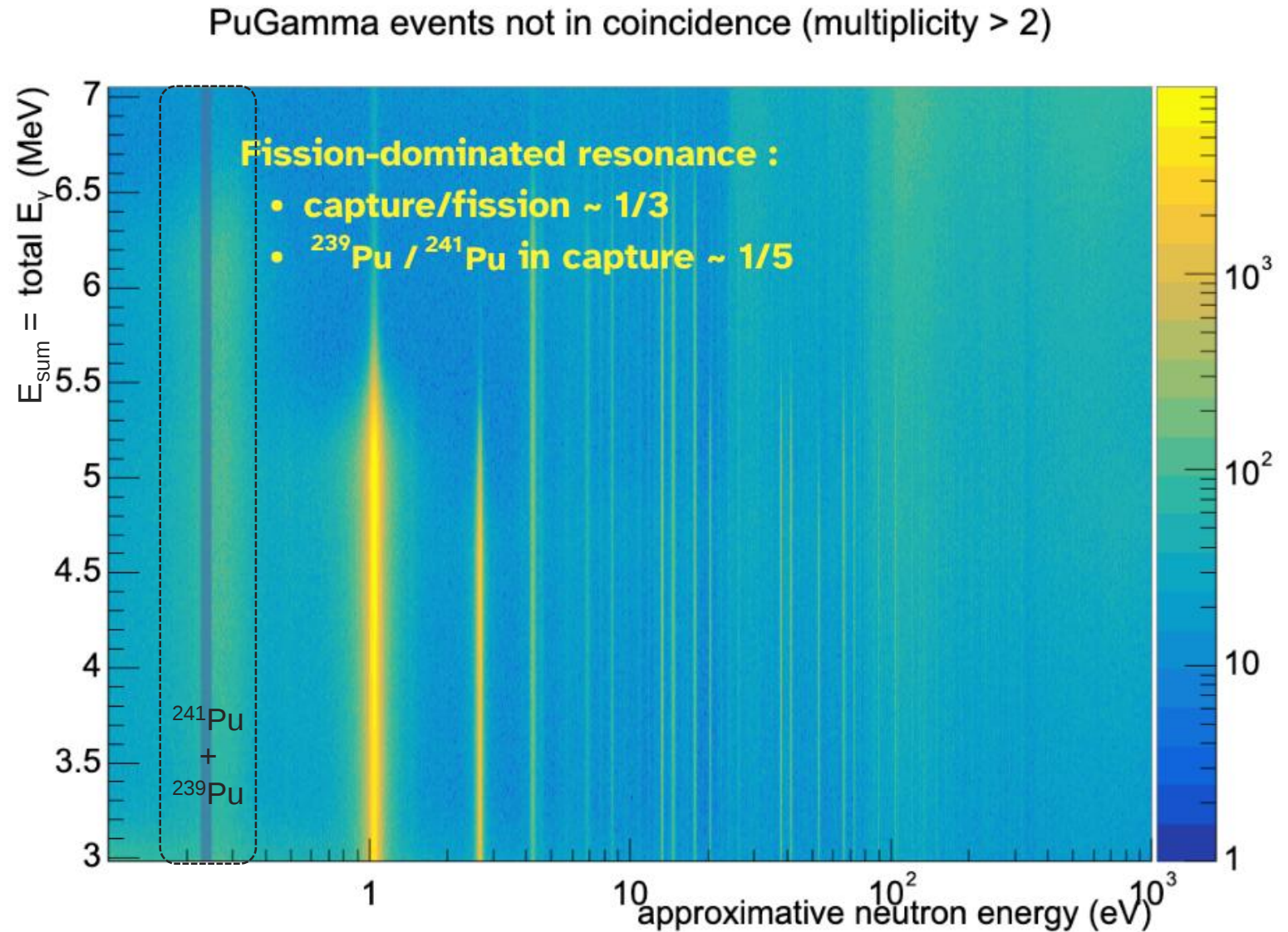
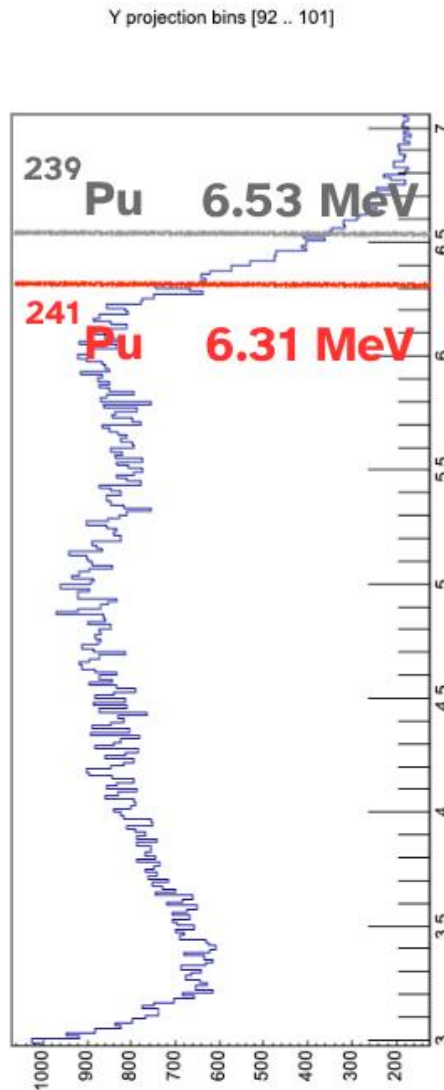
PuGamma events not in coincidence (multiplicity > 2)

TAC: Gammas from capture and background



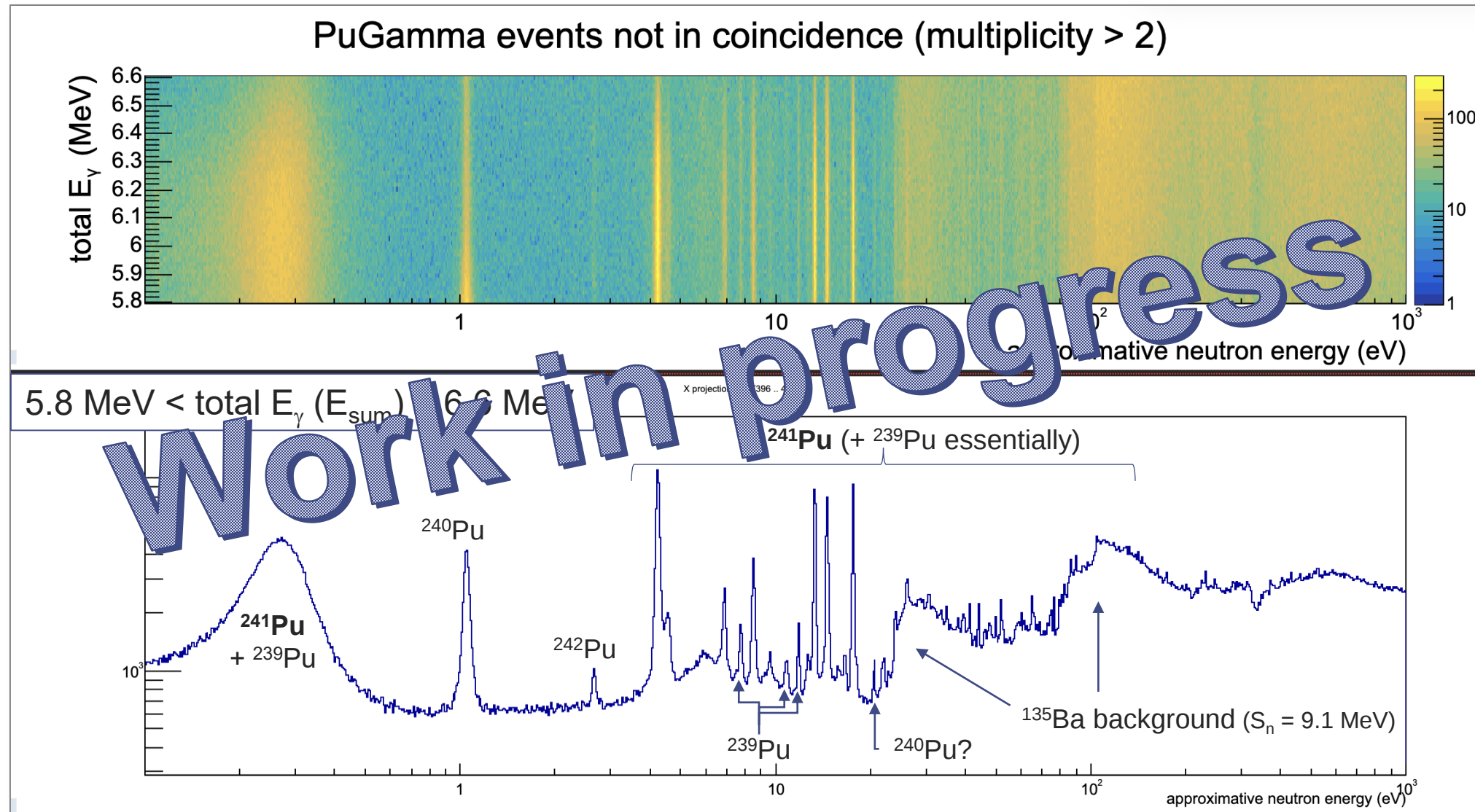
EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac, Wonder 2026)

E_{sum} spectra
in the first
large ^{241}Pu
resonance

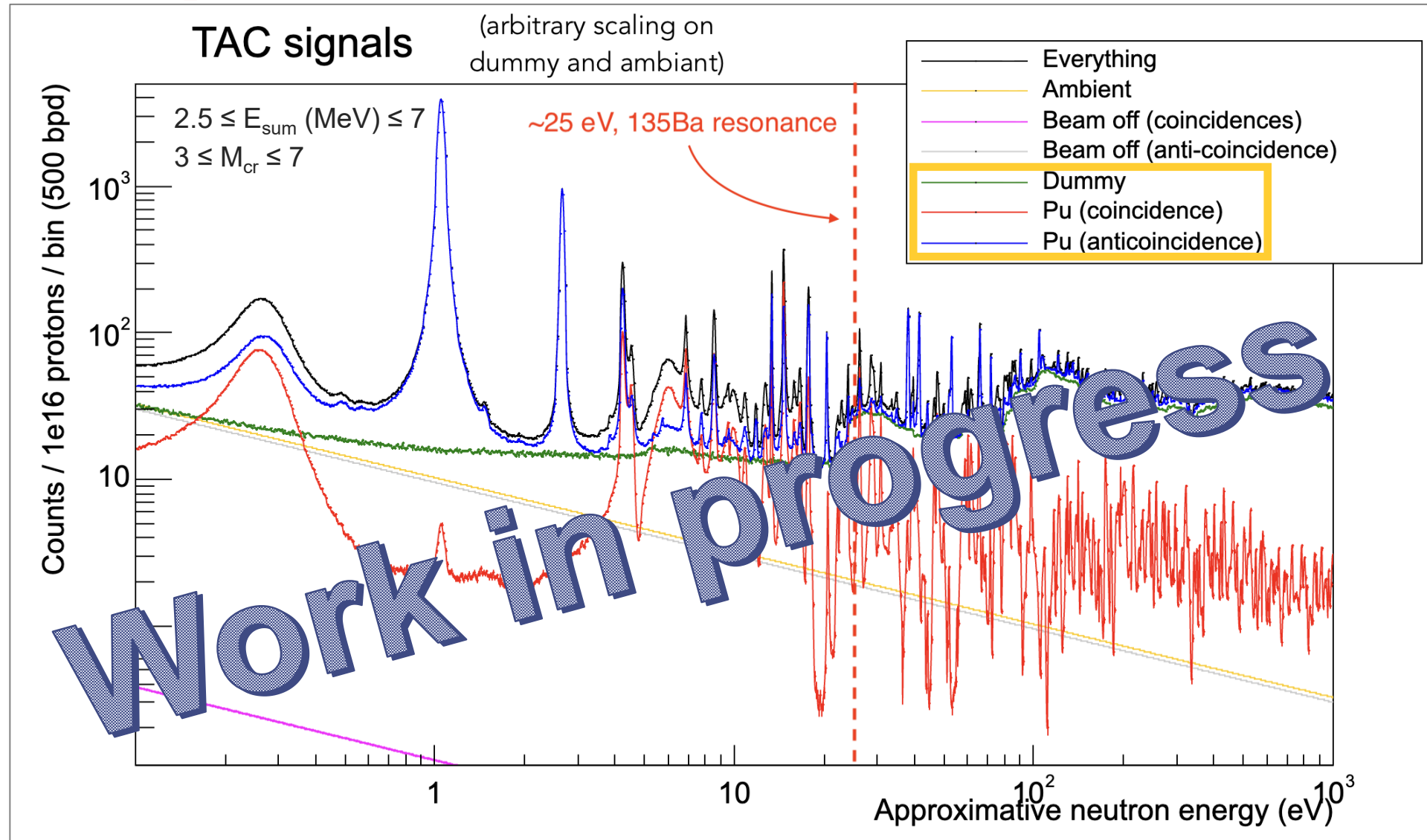


EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac, Wonder 2026)

Cuts on ^{241}Pu sum peak



EAR1 capture-to-fission ratio (A. Cahuzac, Wonder 2026)



Fission data (E. Berthoumieux, M. Spelta)

- ❑ Consistency checks done on EAR1 and EAR2 fission data
 - ✓ α -fission discrimination
 - ✓ Stability check
 - ✓ Beam-off subtraction
 - ✓ Sample's beam interception factor determination
 - ✓ Check with respect to samples
 - spontaneous fission (sensitive to total mass)
 - neutron-induced fission (sensitive to areal density)
 - areal density uniformity check on spare samples
 - ✓ Normalization to ^{235}U fission chamber (assuming the same efficiency)

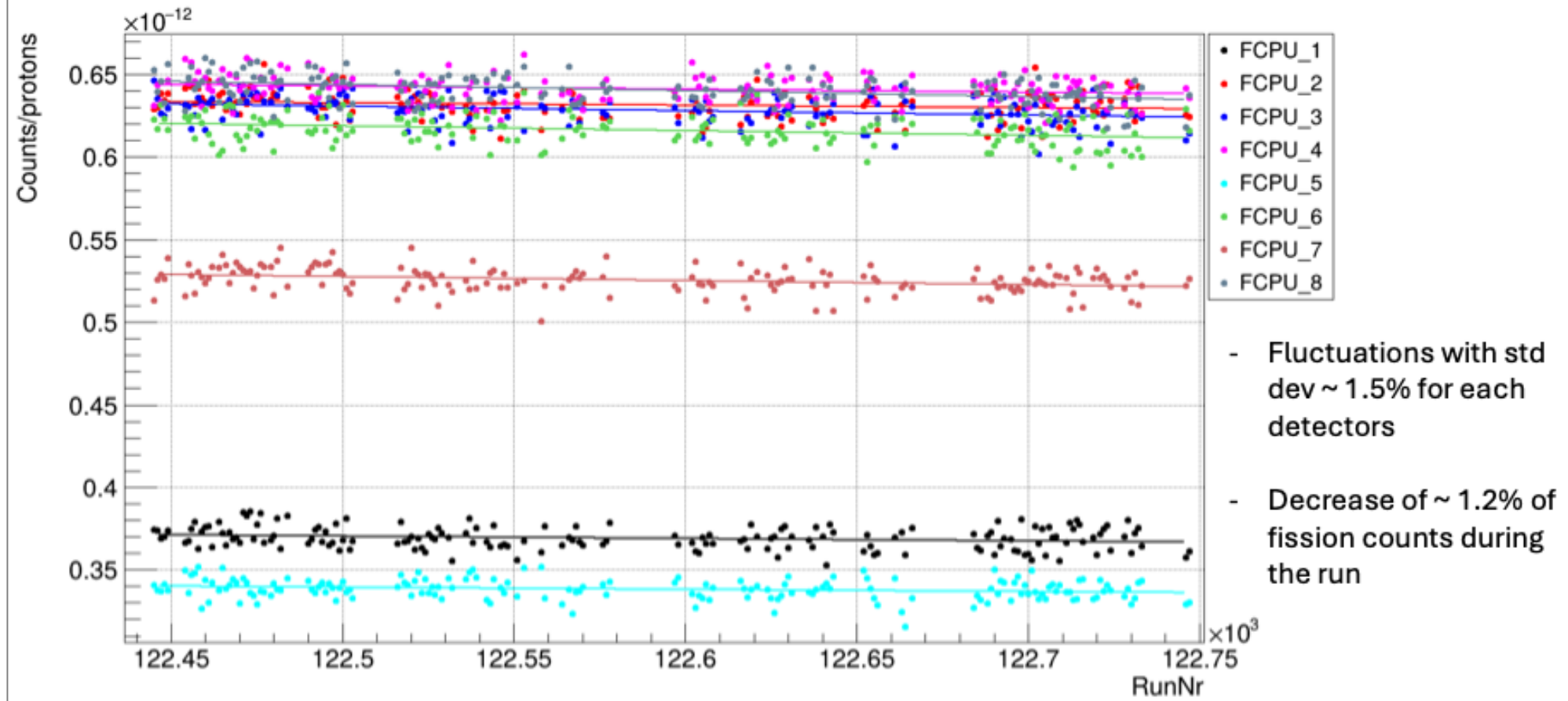
Fission data (E. Berthoumieux, M. Spelta)

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 - areal density uniformity check on spare samples
 - ✓ Normalization to ^{235}U fission chamber (assuming the same efficiency)

Fission data (M. Spelta)

Stability of the measurement

Selected Fission Fragments with preliminary constant threshold .

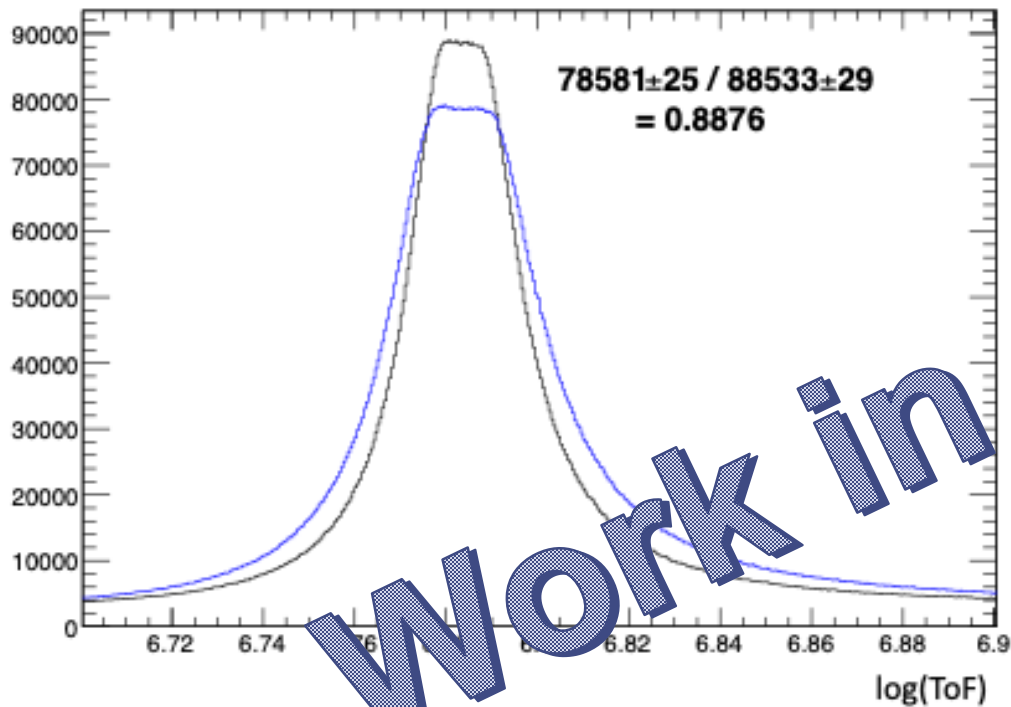


Fission data (E. Berthoumieux, M. Spelta)

- ❑ Consistency checks done on EAR1 and EAR2 fission data
 - ✓ α -fission discrimination
 - ✓ Stability check
 - ✓ Beam-off subtraction
 - ✓ **Sample's beam interception factor determination**
 - ✓ Check with respect to samples
 - spontaneous fission (sensitive to total mass)
 - neutron-induced fission (sensitive to areal density)
 - areal density uniformity check on spare samples
 - ✓ Normalization to ^{235}U fission chamber (assuming the same efficiency)

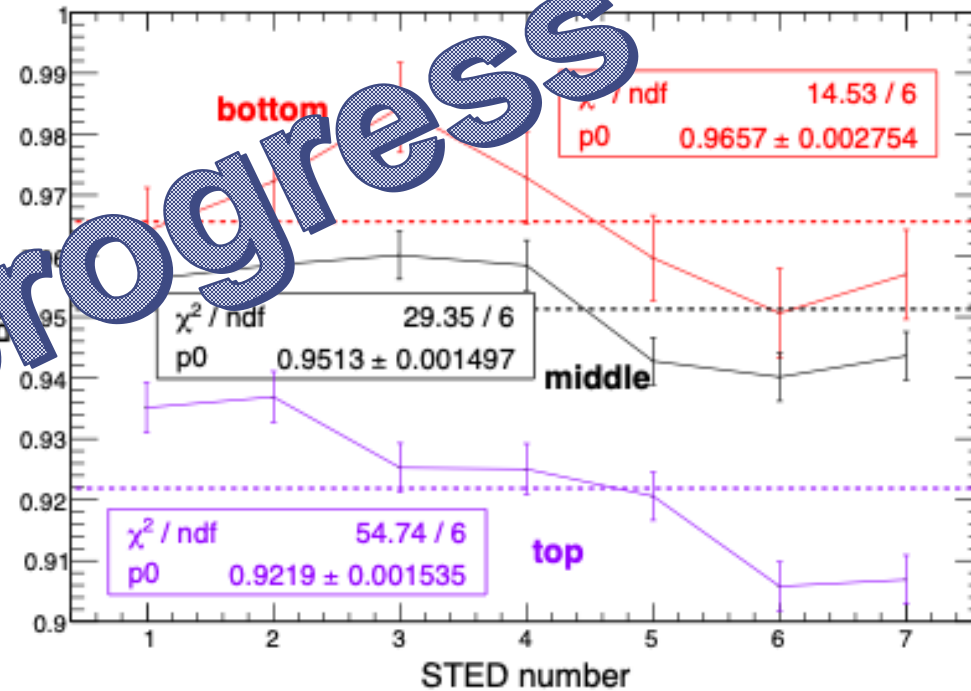
Fission data (E. Berthoumieux, n_TOF Meeting, Vienna, Dec. 2025)

Beam interception factor $\Rightarrow$ Counts of Au-30mm (Pu $\varnothing$) / Au-45mm (BIF=100%)



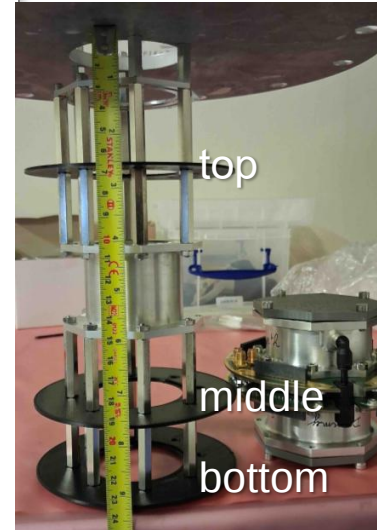
EAR1 : BIF using TAC counts in 1st gold resonance

BIF = 88.7 %



EAR2 : BIF using STED counts in 1st gold resonance

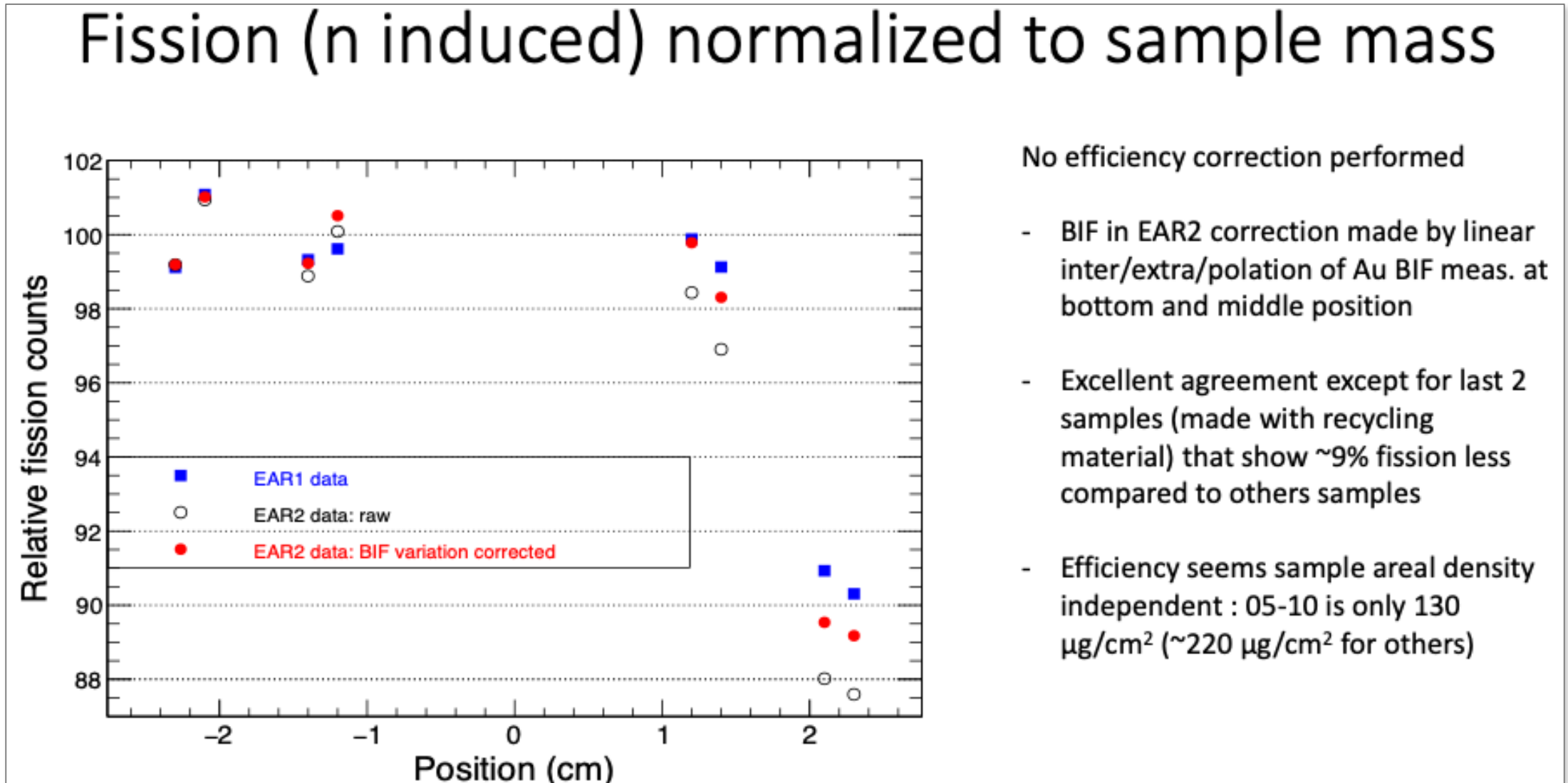
BIF = 95.1 % (middle position = mid of Pu chamber)



Fission data (E. Berthoumieux, M. Spelta)

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 - ✓ Beam-off subtraction
 - ✓ Sample's beam interception factor determination
 - ✓ Check with respect to samples
 - spontaneous fission (sensitive to total mass)
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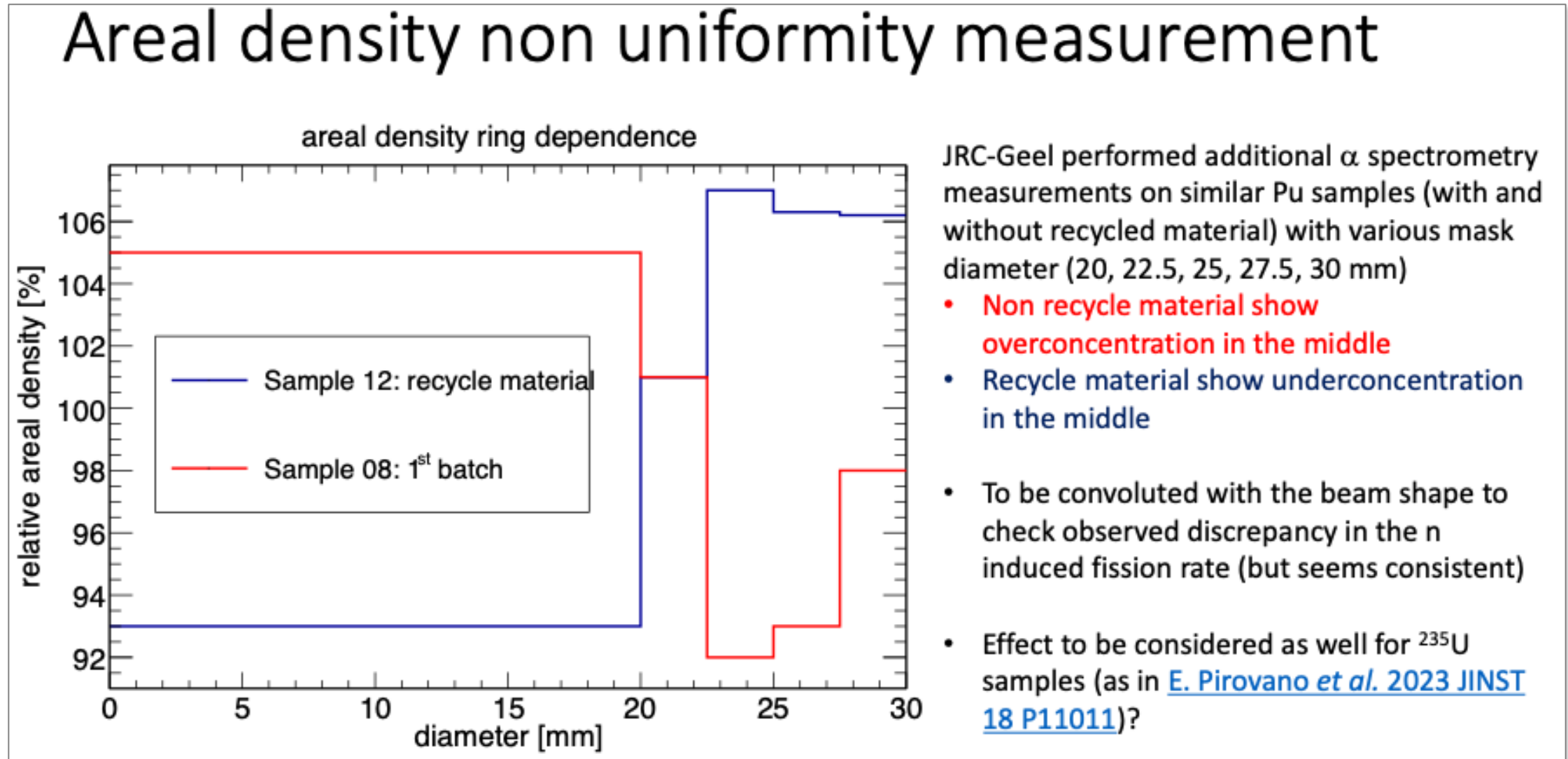
Fission data (E. Berthoumieux, n_TOF Meeting, Vienna, Dec. 2025)



No efficiency correction performed

- BIF in EAR2 correction made by linear inter/extrapolation of Au BIF meas. at bottom and middle position
- Excellent agreement except for last 2 samples (made with recycling material) that show ~9% fission less compared to others samples
- Efficiency seems sample areal density independent : 05-10 is only 130 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ (~220 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ for others)

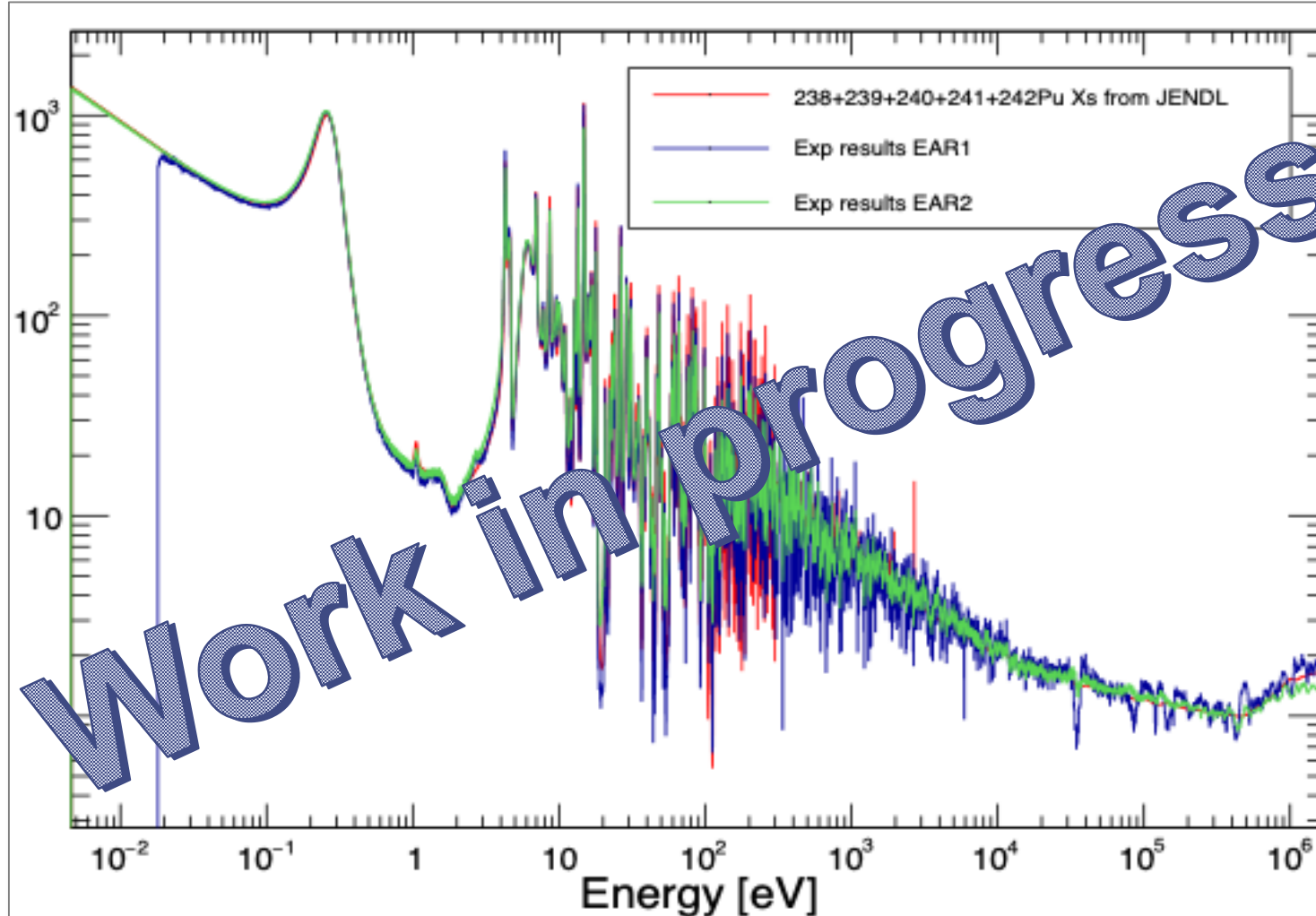
Fission data (E. Berthoumieux, n_TOF Meeting, Vienna, Dec. 2025)



Fission data (E. Berthoumieux, M. Spelta)

- ❑ Consistency checks done on EAR1 and EAR2 fission data
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 - areal density uniformity check on spare samples
 - ✓ Normalization to ^{235}U fission chamber (assuming the same efficiency)

Fission data (E. Berthoumieux, n_TOF Meeting, Vienna, Dec. 2025)



No arbitrary scaling performed:

- Using (modified) evaluated flux and 90% efficiency
- Experimental BIF : 0.951 (BIF position dependance not considered here)
- 2% correction factor to account for ~9% fission rate loss on 2 samples

Overall good agreement with evaluation from thermal to ~800 keV

Precise comparison should be done by taking care of the resolution function in EAR2

Fission data (E. Berthoumieux, M. Spelta)

❑ Consistency checks done on EAR1 and EAR2 fission data

- ✓ α -fission discrimination
- ✓ Stability check
- ✓ Beam-off subtraction
- ✓ Sample's beam interception factor determination
- ✓ Check with respect to samples
 - spontaneous fission (sensitive to total mass)
 - neutron-induced fission (sensitive to areal density)
 - areal density uniformity check on spare samples
- ✓ Normalization to ^{235}U fission chamber (assuming the same efficiency)

=> Overall consistency with evaluated data from thermal to ~800 keV ✓

⚠ Still a lot of work to provide accurate data! (=> Michele Spelta, postdoc 2026-2028)



6. Outlook

Outlook of the ^{241}Pu measurements

- ❑ Experimental part completed (but samples homogeneity measurement in October 2026)
 - ❑ Ongoing analysis shows consistent data
- ❑ Still work in progress...
 - ❑ Capture-to-fission α -ratio (Aline Cahuzac, PhD 2023-2027)
 - ❑ Fission cross section (Michele Spelta, post-doc 2026/06-2028)
 - ❑ Spectra and multiplicity of prompt gamma from fission and capture reactions (TBC)
- ❑ Outcome (by 2028+)
 - ❑ PhD thesis
 - ❑ Publications
 - ❑ Data in EXFOR (α -ratio and fission xs)
- ❑ Collaboration with evaluators
 - ❑ Preliminary data expected in 2027

Impact of the new data

Current ^{241}Pu evaluation (JEFF-4.0)

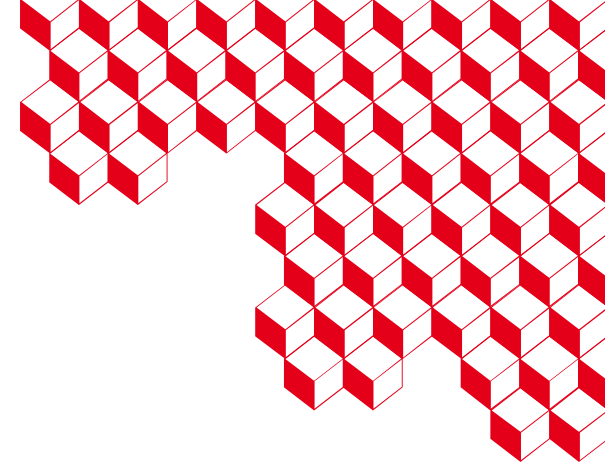
- ❑ RRR: $E < 300 \text{ eV}$
- ❑ URR: $E < 30 \text{ keV}$
- ❑ Capture channel based on one single capture-to-fission ratio measurement (Weston, 1978)

Evaluation update

- ❑ new data up to 100-200 eV for the capture-to-fission ratio
- ❑ new data up to $\sim 1 \text{ MeV}$ for the fission cross section

Status of SAMMY / REFIT / CONRAD

- ❑ n_{TOF} resolution function (EAR1, but also EAR2)?
- ❑ Adjustment of resonance parameters on α -ratio?



Thank you for your attention

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